United States Environmental Protection Agency Region VIII POLLUTION REPORT

SDMS Document ID 2031543

Date: Friday, May 27, 2005 From: Craig Myers, OSC

To: Eugene Lee, EPA Headquarters

Subject: Continuation of Action

Libby Asbestos - Stimson Mill 60 Port Blvd, Libby, MT

Latitude: 48.3796 Longitude: -115.54631

POLREP No.: 11

Site #: D.O. #: 08BCRV05 072-08-012

Reporting Period: Start Date:

Mob Date:

5/2/2005

Response Authority: Response Type:

CERCLA Time-Critical

Completion Date:

5/2/2005

NPL Status:

NPL.

CERCLIS ID #: RCRIS ID #:

MT0009083840

Incident Category: Contract #

Removal Action 68-W-02-072

Site Description

The Libby Asbestos Site includes an inactive vermiculite mine located in northwestern Montana. Vermiculite mining at Zonolite Mountain (the "mine") was commenced by the Universal Zonolite Company in the 1920s. In 1963, W.R. Grace acquired the property and continued operations until September, 1990.

The processed ore was trucked down the Rainy Creek Road to a Screening Plant, which separated the milled ore into several sizes. Subsequently, the screened ore was moved by conveyor belt across the Kootenai River and shipped either to the Export/Expansion Plant in Libby for further processing or across the country by rail.

This POLREP details only a portion of OU 05 - the "Former Stimson Central Maintenance Building" (CMB). The Stimson property housed vermiculite processing operations until 1950. After that, the Stimson Lumber Mill began producing plywood and dimensioned lumber, continuing to do so until 2002. Buildings around the property contain varying amounts of vermiculite. The property is now owned and operated by the Lincoln County Port Authority, a non-profit portion of the county government that was established to coordinate and oversee economic redevelopment in Libby.

Current Activities

Preliminary Assessment/Site Inspection Results:

Within the CMB, three distinct areas have been identified that have Vermiculite Containing Insulation (VCI) or other asbestos containing building materials that are causing a human health threat or threatening a release to the environment. These areas are the Midline Wall (believed to

have once been an exterior wall), the former Mobile Shop, and the former Mobile Shop roof. VCI has been observed leaking from all sections of the Midline Wall, and all walls of the Former Mobile Shop. The Former Mobile Shop roof was constructed of a tongue and groove decking material and covered with a light concrete type material. EPA believes that vermiculite was mixed in with this concrete as aggregate. The concrete was sampled and tested out at less than 1% Libby Amphibole. However, the concrete material is damaged to the point that it cannot be repaired. Future removal or repair, due to the structure's age rather than contamination, will threaten the remedy planned for the interior of the mobile shop.

Portions of the lower roof areas are of similar construction as the former Mobile Shop roof, but are undamaged. Future removal or repair will not pose a threat to the remedy inside the building.

Current Response Actions:

Currently the former Mobile Shop roof is being removed. Debris from this process in being placed into containment bins and transported to the Lincoln County Class 4 Asbestos Landfill for disposal. One half of the roof will be completed at a time due to the necessary placement of additional structural supports.

Planned Removal Actions

The Former Mobile Shop roof will be removed and replaced with a suitable roofing material. Minor structural repairs may be necessary once removal of the concrete material is complete.

Key Issues

Coordination of building repairs with removal activities to ensure timely completion.

Estimated Costs *

	Budgeted	Total To Date	Remaining	% Remaining
Extramural Costs				
ERRS - Cleanup Contractor	\$700,000.00	\$296,357.00	\$403,643.00	57.66%
IAGs	\$35,000.00	\$6,000.00	\$29,000.00	82.86%
Intramural Costs				
Total Site Costs	\$735,000.00	\$302,357.00	\$432,643.00	58.86%

^{*} The above accounting of expenditures is an estimate based on figures known to the OSC at the time this report was written. The OSC does not necessarily receive specific figures on final payments made to any contractor(s). Other financial data which the OSC must rely upon may not be entirely up-to-date. The cost accounting provided in this report does not necessarily represent an exact monetary figure which the government may include in any claim for cost recovery.

www.epaosc.org/LibbyStimson